

2019级硕士毕业生

数字内容合成与伪造检测实验室





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2022年6月17日



- 什么是"有新意"?
 - o 英文翻译: Novelty / Beauty
 - o 对此类工作常见的评价: novel, interesting, well-motivated, ...



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初学者经常会掉进的"做方法怪圈" 做实验 😴 不work 냉



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前言

如何"做问题"——以谣言检测为例

○ WWW'21 "Novel idea"; 引用量87

Xueyao Zhang, et al. Mining Dual Emotion for Fake News Detection.

• CIKM'21 "Well-motivated", "Novel method"

Detection via Model Preference Learning.

• ACL'21 "Important problem"

Sentence Matching for Detecting Previously Fact-checked Claims.

• ACL'22 "Interesting idea", "Easy to understand"

Perception for Fake News Detection.



Qiang Sheng*, Xueyao Zhang*, et al. Integrating Pattern- and Fact-based Fake News

Qiang Sheng, Juan Cao, Xueyao Zhang, et al. Article Reranking by Memory-enhanced Key

- Qiang Sheng, Juan Cao, Xueyao Zhang, et al. Zoom Out and Observe: News Environment
 - ——分析案例:实验室在谣言检测领域的代表性工作

(ET)

如何"做问题"——以谣言检测为例

真实性判别

真/假分类问题



构造一个强大的特征提取器









(ET)

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角度一:回溯社会心理学对谣言的研究

新闻原文	惊异、	愤怒
安徽太和县发生了一起 黑社会打死了一家七口 作为的县政府已经封锁	!目前	,不
社区评论	愤怒、	厌恶
又是强拆!		
•••		
杀人者不可饶恕!		
•••		
该死的 政府		
假新闻示例		

1991年: Inside Rumor: A Personal Journey

Personal Anxiety

The third variable that I noted, personal anxiety, is without a direct counterpart in the basic law of rumor. G. W. Allport and Postman (1947) did raise the possibility that ambiguity might be "induced . . . by some emotional tensions that make the individual unable or unwilling to accept the facts set forth in the news" (p. 33). By personal anxiety, as I shall use the term, I mean an affective stateacute or chronic---that is produced by, or associated with, apprehension about an impending, potentially disappointing outcome (Rosnow, 1980). Here, the hypothesis is that rumors persist not only because they play on cognitive unclarity, but also because they give vent or expression to emotional tensions attributable to the nature of anticipated outcomes (cf. G. W. Allport & Postman, 1947; Ambrosini, 1983; Festinger, 1957; Hart, 1916; Jung, 1910, 1959; Loewenberg, 1943).

在"谣言公式"中,应融入"个人焦虑" (Personal Anxiety) 作为因子

谣言~ 重要性×模糊度×个人焦虑

角度一:





"Novel idea"; 引用量87 Xueyao Zhang, et al. Mining Dual Emotion for Fake News Detection.

WWW'21

(ET)



ICT)

角度二:联合外部证据的谣言检测

真实性判别

真/假分类问题



构造一个强大的特征提取器











新闻原文

【宜宾男子电梯间虐狗至死 引发 业主群愤】近日有网友发布视频: 一男子进电梯间后,对一只小狗连 踢带踹, 随后小狗倒地动弹不得。

社区评论 愤怒、厌恶 怎会有如此残忍的人 . . . 转发,让这个变态出名 . . . 王八蛋! 死全家!

真新闻示例



无明显情感



(ET)

角度二:联合外部证据的谣言检测



真/假分类问题



"Well-motivated", "Novel method" Qiang Sheng*, Xueyao Zhang*, et al. Integrating Pattern- and Fact-based Fake **CIKM'21** News Detection via Model Preference Learning.





证据特征 构造一个强大的事实证据库 基于事实证据的检测模型

(ET)

角度三:描绘谣言检测的生命周期



真/假分类问题







证据特征

<u>构造一个强大的事实证据库</u>

基于事实证据的检测模型

(ET)

角度三:描绘谣言检测的生命周期



真/假分类问题





证据特征

构造一个强大的事实证据库

基于事实证据的检测模型



情感特 传播特 图片特 用户特 文本特 证据特征 征 征 征 征 征 构造一个强大的特征提取器 构造一个强大的事实证据库 基于呈现模式的检测模型 基于事实证据的检测模型

"不实信息检测系统的生命周期"—— 盛强. 2020年5月18日.

真/假分类问题











Pope Francis used to be a metal head. Here's a picture of him in a Black Sabbath t-shirt.

CIKM'18

Post: It's so sad!!!!!!!!!! Hundreds of firefighters died in forest fires. The bodies of firefighters were found one after another, and people could not hide their grief and upset. It is said the cause of the fire is old power facilities. 基于Attention的可视化





如何"做问题"

角度三:描绘谣言检测的生命周期

可疑线索搜集

Claim Is this to make the so-called artificial eggs? Surprising! #video

Key Sentences

KS1. Recently, a short video that claims a production process of the artificial fake eggs has widely spread in WeChat Groups.

KS2. The reporter of Shanghai Observer found that the video actually recorded making toy eggs, which were not to pretend as real eggs for sale.
KS3. Relating the video of toy egg production to food safety issues is just a gimmick used by spreaders.

Claim State FDA: 60% of the drugs will be stopped selling within 2 or 3 years and will be replaced by nutraceutical industry. State will invest 8 trillion!

Key Sentences

KS1. It's been reported that FDA has proposed that 60% of the drugs will be stopped selling within the next 2 or 3 years and replaced by nutraceuticals and foods.

KS2. The reporter visited the website of the FDA but found no such official documents, indicating **the details in the claim were purely fabricated**.

KS3. It's verified that the claim that nutraceuticals will replace drugs is a malicious propaganda by companies to confuse the netizens.

ACL'21 "Important problem" Qiang Sheng et al. Article Reranking by Memory-enhanced Key Sentence Matching for Detecting Previously Fact-checked Claims.





ACL'22 "Interesting idea", "Easy to understand" Qiang Sheng et al. Zoom Out and Observe: News Environment Perception for Fake News Detection.







已知问题的新的技术解决方案

更好的分析和理解

更佳的实验结果

论文的创新性评级

——罗杰波《如何做好一个AI领域审稿人》



领域的发展阶段







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定义不清

"做问题"的难度 容易做出Novel 工作的"黄金期" 领域的发展阶段 缺乏定义

Formulation不成熟







已知问题的新的技术解决方案

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总结:如何朝着"做问题"不懈努力?

• 重视交叉学科

前言

- 回归真实场景
 - 多看真实数据,注重工业应用
- 回溯经典文献
 - o 挖掘前人的智慧, 尤其要关心古早文献中对"Challenge"的探讨



o 在宏观上跟踪新进展,尤其要关注新的Formulation,多进行"思维体操"





- Michael J. Black 《Novelty in Science A guide for reviewers》
- o 李沐《如何判断(你自己的)研究工作的价值》
- o 李沐《你(被) 吐槽过论文不够 novel 吗?》
- o 罗杰波《如何做好一个AI领域审稿人》
- o 沈向洋、华刚《读科研论文的三个层次、四个阶段与十个问题》
- o 知乎问题《AI论文中的novelty如何评价?》





祝大家都能做出"有新意"的研究!

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